

**BEFORE READING****Pages 8-9**

- 1** 1. b 2. d 3. a 4. c  
**3** a. Two. b. 27.  
 c. Mr and Mrs Linton, Edgar Linton and Linton Heathcliff.  
 d. Heathcliff.  
 e. Hareton Earnshaw is Edgard Linton's nephew.  
**4** a. 4 b. 1 c. 5 d. 3 e. 2  
**5** a. Heathcliff. b. Catherine Earnshaw.

**Pages 10-11**

- 6** a. 3 b. 2  
**8** a. 2 b. 1 c. 5 d. 3 e. 4  
**9** a. 4 b. 1 c. 3 d. 5 e. 2

**Page 15**

Because he was tall and handsome, dressing like a gentleman but was dark and also looked like a gypsy.

**Page 23**

Hareton Earnshaw is Catherine Earnshaw's nephew.

**Page 27** He loves and misses her.**Page 57**

1. Edgar: She will lead a rich and comfortable but maybe boring life.  
 2. Heathcliff: She will lead a poor life and a life of work but of love and friendship.

**Page 73**

1. Heathcliff hurt the dog. He wanted revenge on the Lintons.  
 2. Isabella and Heathcliff were on the horses. They were going to get married in secret.

**Page 80** a. put b. pull c. give**Page 82** Catherine's ghost haunts Heathcliff.

- Page 87** 1. To get back at Heathcliff, because he hates the Linton family.  
 2. He marries Cathy Linton and then dies.

**Page 88** Linton Heathcliff, Isabella's and Heathcliff's son.**Page 105**

- Mr and Mrs Earnshaw: illness
- Mr and Mrs Linton: illness
- Frances: illness
- Hindley: drinking and illness
- Edgar: illness
- Isabella: illness
- Catherine: broken heart
- Linton: illness

**AFTER READING****Page 111**

- 3**  
 a. He adopts Heathcliff and cares for him as a son.  
 b. He is Heathcliff's tenant.  
 c. He is Heathcliff's neighbor and rival in love.  
 d. He is Heathcliff's son.

**4**

- a. she is Catherine's housekeeper and confidante  
 b. she is Catherine's neighbor and later becomes her sister-in-law  
 c. she is her daughter  
 d. he is her nephew

**Pages 112-113****5** a. T b. F c. F d. T e. T f. F g. F h. F**6**

- b. Mr Heathcliff greets him coldly but offers him wine. Heathcliff's dogs attack him.  
 c. She was her servant and housekeeper.  
 f. He told Heathcliff not to come back to Thrushcross Grange.  
 g. Heathcliff owned Wuthering Heights because Hindley sold it to him because of his debts.  
 h. He wanted his son Linton to marry Catherine Linton so he would inherit Thrushcross Grange.

**7**

- a. Hindley hit Heathcliff with this when they were young boys.  
 b. Heathcliff threw this at Edgar when he came to Wuthering Heights and insulted him.

c. Catherine rips her pillow and throws the feathers around the room when she is upset

**Pages 114-115**

**8** a. brother, uncle b. nephew, son

c. cousin d. aunt, sister-in-law

**9** a. Wild but quiet. b. Angry and vindictive.

**10**

a. Catherine Earnshaw is dark-haired, wild, quick-tempered and passionate but marries Edgar who is safe and rich.

Isabella Linton is blond, sensible and calm but then falls in love with Heathcliff, not realizing what he is like and marries him, but she then regrets doing so.

b. Hareton is wild but strong and has suffered in the care of Heathcliff but then finds love with Cathy Linton.

Linton Heathcliff is sickly child who is always pale and sad. He is weak and scared of Heathcliff.

**11** It can be confusing but makes the family ties, passions and problems more dramatic and tragic.

**12**

• Catherine Earnshaw is passionate about Heathcliff but selfish and wants everyone and everything to be as she wants.

• Edgar Linton is caring and good but weak and unable to stand up to Catherine or Heathcliff.

• Hindley Earnshaw loves and then misses his wife when she dies and he is unable to accept Heathcliff as a brother.

• Isabella Linton is stupid to falls for Heathcliff but then strong when she runs away and looks after her son on her own.

• Nelly Dean is caring but distant and judging.

**13**

a. They care for each other but are not great friends.

b. They are close as brother and sister and look after each other as much as they can.

c. They like and respect each other. They try to not be involved in the previous generation's problems.

**14** b

**15** a. working class

b. gentry (upper-middle class)

c. working class

d. gentry (upper-middle class)

**Pages 116-117**

**16** a. 5 b. 9 c. 8 d. 10 e. 11 f. 6

g. 2 h. 3 i. 12 j. 7 k. 1 l. 4

**17**

a. passionate and eternal

b. brotherly and protective

c. forced by Heathcliff, not natural

d. devotion

**19**

He helped in Hindley's downfall, took their inheritance and then treated their heir, Hareton, as Hindley had treated him. He married Isabella and took her away from the family and then forced his son to marry the Linton heir so he could own their property as well.

**20** A few examples

(Page 13) The house stands on the top of a hill. On one side of it there are a few trees. They all lean in the same direction, blown by the strong north winds.

(Page 16) It was snowing heavily now and I was very cold. I tried to open the door but it was locked.

(Page 27) I'm glad he did because the snow was like a white ocean and it was impossible to see the road.

On the moor they were free from social and family conventions.

They could be who they wanted to be. The moor and nature in general was their passion.

**Pages 118-119**

**21** a. made b. locked c. comforting d. given e. left f. standing g. seen h. allowed

**22** a. bored b. terrified c. worrying d. shocked

**23** a. afraid b. fond c. worried f. curious g. kind h. cruel

**24** a. afraid b. curious c. fond d. kind

## TEST

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**Pages 120-121**

**1** a. 2 b. 1 c. 1 d. 2

**2** a. 2 b. 4 c. 1 d. 2 e. 3